

#### Welcome!

Virtual tutorial starts at 15:00 GMT





# PBS Job Submission

ARCHER Virtual Tutorial, Wed 11th February 2015 David Henty <d.henty@epcc.ed.ac.uk>













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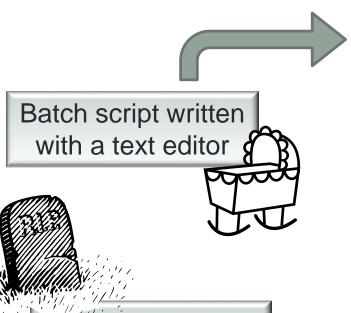
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# A day in the life of a PBS job



Submitted to the PBS batch system using qsub

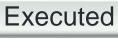


Held in a queue until able to run

Completed and job output written



Parallel jobs launched from script









## Conception: batch script written ...

- What is a batch script?
  - a list of commands that are executed in order exactly as if you typed them into the shell on the command line
  - recommended to use bash
- Lines starting "#" are comments
- Except ...
  - #! is special to operating system
  - #!/bin/bash --login # Run script as if a bash login session
- and
  - #PBS is special to batch system
  - #PBS -N myjob # Pass on as arguments to qsub





Great! So I can run the batch script in advance to check it works since it's just a bunch of commands

Why?

So some commands that work on the login nodes won't work under PBS?



I'm afraid it's not that simple

Your batch script runs on a different computer in a different environment

Actually, some commands that don't work on the login nodes will work under PBS





## Birth: submitted to batch system

```
user@archer> qsub -l select=6 myjob.pbs
123456.sdb
```

- PBS takes a copy of your batch script and stores it
  - ascertains resource requirements (e.g. no. of nodes)
    - from command line arguments or from #PBS lines
  - other resources: -1 walltime=03:00:00
- Job is queued until resources are available
  - query status with qstat -u <myusername>
  - job status set to "Q"





Great! So I can edit the same job script and resubmit straight away?

Why?

How does it decide when to run my job?

So I should take care when specifiying these?

I'm afraid it's not that simple

You're probably running an executable from the script and it will see the version that's there at run time - OK for a package but not if you're recompiling

It's a balance of your requested number of nodes and the runtime compared to all the other jobs in the system

Yes – don't ask for huge amounts of runtime if you don't need it!





## Childhood: job script runs

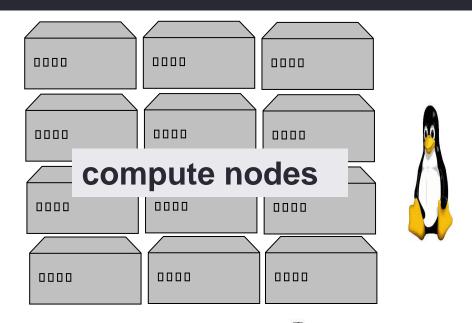
- A set of compute nodes is reserved for your job
  - but your batch script is actually executed on the MOM nodes
  - backronym for "Machine Oriented Mini-server"
  - qstat job status set to "R"
- The only way to access the compute nodes is with aprun

```
#PBS -N myjob
...
# Now run the job (assume I used select=6)
aprun -n 144 mympiprogram
```

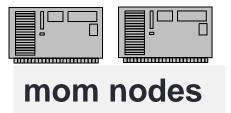




# Operating Systems







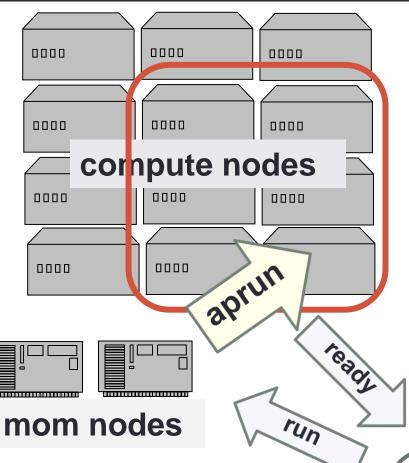








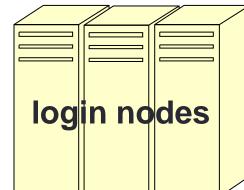
#### Job flow















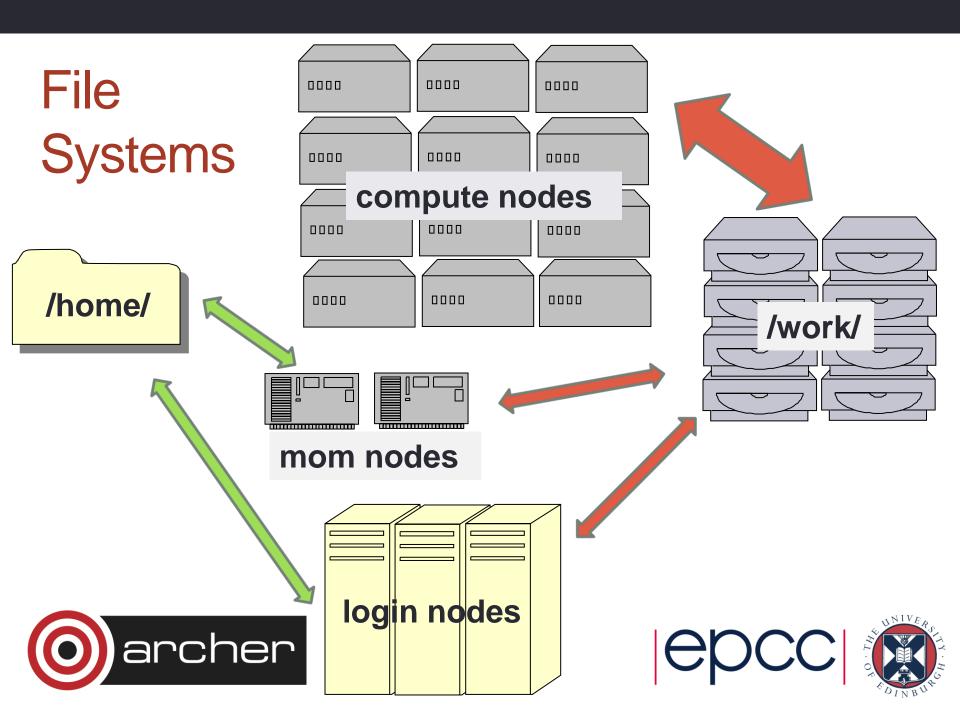


# Adulthood: parallel jobs

- Compute nodes reserved for duration of job
  - PBS doesn't care if/how you use them!
  - all commands from batch script executed on MOM node
  - aprun on MOM node causes parallel jobs to run on compute nodes
- Do production runs in /work/ filesystem, not /home/.
  - \$PBS O WORKDIR is where the job was submitted from
- aprun does the following
  - broadcasts the executable to all the compute nodes
  - gathers the standard outputs / errors from all the PEs







## Retirement: the end of your job

- Job finishes
  - after the all the commands in script have been executed ...
  - ... or the wallclock limit is exceeded
- All running parallel jobs are killed
  - e.g. wallclock exceeded or aprun running in background (see later)
- Standard outputs collated
  - written to myjob.o123456
- qstat job status may be set to "E" for a few minutes
  - job is "Exiting" (not "Exited") but script has finished





#### aprun

- Can issue multiple aprun's in a single job
  - single job + many aprun's may be better than many jobs

```
#PBS -l select=6  # 6*24 = 144 cores
...
aprun -n 144 mympiprogram dataset1
aprun -n 144 mympiprogram dataset2
aprun -n 144 mympiprogram dataset3
```





### aprun is quite clever

- Can manage multiple parallel jobs simultaneously
  - e.g. imagine we had 4 runs each using 72 cores

```
#PBS -l select=6  # 6*24 = 144 cores
...
aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset1
aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset2
aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset3
aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset4
# Incorrect! - all these run sequentially
```





## Multiple aprun's in the background (i)

```
aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset1 & aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset2 & aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset3 & aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset4 &
```

```
# Incorrect: "Job finishes after the all the
# commands in script have been executed".
# Final aprun returns immediately, script
# reaches end and finishes, aprun's killed.
```





## Multiple aprun's in the background (ii)

```
aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset1 & aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset2 & aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset3 & aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset4
```

```
# Incorrect: script finishes when dataset4
# finishes, but other datasets may still be
# running at that time.
```





# Multiple aprun's in the background (iii)

```
aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset1 & aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset2 & aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset3 & aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset4 & wait
```

```
# Correct! "wait" blocks until all spawned
# processes are complete
```





## Task farms with aprun

```
aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset1 & aprun -n 36 mympiprogram dataset2 & aprun -n 72 mympiprogram dataset3 & aprun -n 36 mympiprogram dataset4 & aprun -n 36 mympiprogram dataset5 &
```

wait

# ordering might be: 1, 2, 4, 3, 5





why can my job script see my home files but my MPI program can only see my work files?

why can I store my MPI executable in /home but not its input files?

how do "interactive" batch jobs work?

Because the script runs on the MOM nodes which see /home but MPI runs on the compute nodes which only see /work

aprun broadcasts the executable from /home to the compute nodes, but not any dependent files

You are effectively submitting a job which runs a bash shell on the MOM nodes





## Special queues

- Regular jobs
  - up to 24 hours; 1-4,920 nodes (24-118,080 cores)
- Long jobs (qsub -q long)
  - up to 48 hours; 1-256 nodes (24-6,144 cores)
- Short (debug) jobs (qsub -q short)
  - up to 20 minutes; 1-8 nodes (24-192 cores)
  - only available 0900-1700 UK time Mon-Fri.
- Low priority jobs (qsub -q low)
  - up to 3 hours; 1-512 nodes (24-12288 cores)
  - uncharged, but only enabled when machine is lightly used
- Serial jobs (qsub -q serial)
  - run on separate postprocessing nodes see documentation for details





## THE END









# Goodbye!

#### Virtual tutorial has finished



